

Yesterday, about ten o'clock at night, a crowd of young people sallied forth from the Tennis Court to the Palais Royal, and thence to the Thuilleries, filling the avenues of the Hall of the Convention, where the new Society was assembled; soon they assailed them with stones, raising cries of "Down with the Anarchists; Down with the Jacobins."—Some had the indiscretion to cry "Down with the Republic; long live Conde; Long live Artois;" but in this their accomplices checked them. The guard came and attacked them with so much vigour, that in a moment they silenced them, making them lower their voices and arms; they took to their heels; fourteen were arrested; two poinards were found on one of them. The *Journal des Hommes Libres* imputes this Royalist disturbance, as it calls it, to Talleyrand.

E N G L A N D.

PORTSMOUTH, July 19. This morning arrived the Venus frigate, with dispatches from the Mediterranean. Captain Greaves immediately on his arrival, came on shore, and set off from Fielding's for London in a post chaise and four. Various reports are in circulation respecting the news brought by the Venus, such as the French and Spanish fleets having formed a junction, &c. but they are entirely founded on conjecture; no real information having reached shore.

L O N D O N, July 20 & 21.

Yesterday afternoon Captain Thomas Graves, of the Venus frigate, arrived at the Admiralty with dispatches from Earl St. Vincent, which are said to contain the official account of the junction of the French and Spanish fleets in the Mediterranean.

At a late hour last night we received the Paris Journals to the 14th inst.

These papers represent affairs in Switzerland, as being in much the same situation as by our last accounts. Lecourbe, on the right wing of the French army, the point of contest, has gained some successes.—Macdonald had retreated to Pistoies, in Tuscany, on the 28th ult. He is displaced, and on his way to Paris. A communication between the armies of Moreau and Macdonald is still preserved by the sea side.—The divisions of Lapoye and Victor, tho' they have suffered severely in retiring by the Ligurian mountains, and the valley of Taro, occupy the defiles of the Genoese Appenines, and protect the road by the sea. Fears are openly expressed in the French papers, that both armies may be cut off by Ceva and Savona.

The French accounts of the combined fleets extend to the 24th of June, two days later than our own intelligence, and state that they sailed from Carthage on that day for Cadiz, and that they hoped to deceive the vigilance of our fleets and the foresight of our Minister, in passing the Straights of Gibraltar. The same Journals mention, however, what our readers will be glad to learn—that three large ships with 12,000 men on board from Malta and Egypt, have been taken by the English near Toulon. A letter from Lubeck given in one of the Journals mentions, preparations making there for the arrival of a body of Russians, who are to join a British force, shortly expected to arrive on the Continent.

An article from Roveredo, inserted in the English Hamburg paper, mentions some circumstances favourable to the views of the Allies, and among others that Capua has been taken by them, and the whole garrison murdered! We suppose the translator from the German for the English print meant, *put to the sword.*

We yesterday received a letter from Bombay, stating, that hostilities have actually commenced between the British Government and Tippoo Saib. As we do not understand that this communication is confirmed by any official advice received at the India House, we lay it before our readers without presuming to vouch for its ac-

on the eleventh assault of that place, and add, that Sir Sidney Smith having warped Le Tigre and the other ships close to the shore, and placed them with springs upon their cables in such a situation as to be enabled to fire grape as well as round into the enemy's works, concerted with Ghezzar Pacha on the disposition to be made in attacking them, and, accompanied by Captain Miller, of the Theseus, led the British and Turkish forces into the lines of Buonaparte, who, after a gallant resistance, was driven from his works, with the loss of almost every thing he possessed, together with 80 officers and 4000 men killed in the action and retreat, the Turks giving no quarter. The particulars of our loss is not ascertained, but we fear it includes the gallant Major Frederic Perrin, of the Turkish artillery, who is said to have fallen in the enemy's trenches; together with two midshipmen of Le Tigre. The conduct of the British, particularly Sir Sidney Smith and Captain Miller, is spoken of by our Allies in terms of the highest admiration. The deplorable state to which the French were reduced, in consequence of Sir Sidney's having captured their flotilla, may be conceived from the circumstance of their being obliged to fire stones at Le Tigre, &c. during the action, which, however, did our ships inconsiderable damage. We are happy to state, that Lieut. J. W. Wright, of Le Tigre, who so highly distinguished himself, and who had received two musket balls through the upper part of the arm, is in a fair way of recovery.

Early yesterday morning, died in the 55th year of his age, at his seat at Knole, in Kent, the Right Hon. John Frederick Sackville, Duke of Dorset, Earl of Dorset and Middlesex, Baron Buckhurst, in Sussex, and Baron Cranfield, of Cranfield, in the County of Bedford, Hereditary High Steward of Stratford-upon-Avon.—A Blue Ribbon becomes vacant by the death of his Grace.

On Thursday Philip Keating and John Keggan were tried at Maidstone for the wilful murder of Colonel Peter Shadwell, on the 1st of June last, at Wrotham. The Jury found Keating Guilty, and Keggan not Guilty. Judgment was immediately pronounced on Keating, to be executed on Saturday next.

D U B L I N, July 25.

War-Office, Dublin-Castle, July 22, 1799.

His Majesty has been pleased to make the following Promotions in the Army on this establishment:—

4th Dragoon Guards—Lieut. John French, to be Captain by purchase, vice Blair resigned.

5th ditto—Lieutenant Serjeantson Prescott, from the Half-pay of 91st Foot, to be Lieut. vice Roberts, exchanged.

6th ditto—Corporal R. D. de Reede Ginkle, to be Lieut. by purchase, vice Weller, promoted in the 2d Life Guards.

9th Dragoons—Major Thomas Goldie, from the 5th Dragoons, to be Supernumerary Major.

13th Foot—Mr. R. Huson to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Blakely resigned.—Mr. John Kearney to be Ensign by purchase, vice Brooke.

Aberdeen Fencibles—Ensign Hugh McLean, from the late first battalion of Bredalbane Fencibles, to be Lieut. vice Clark resigned.

Loyal Cheshire Fencibles—Lieutenant John Taylor to be Quarter-Master, vice Ingleby, resigned.

L. Durham Fencibles—Mr. James Gordon to be Ensign, vice Rogers, resigned.

Caithness Legion—Mr. W. McKay to be Ensign, vice Cullen, resigned.

The Lord Lieutenant set off early yesterday morning upon a southern tour, accompanied by his son, Lord Broome, and Colonel Littlehales, his Excellency's private secretary.

Such is the tranquil prosperity of this lately lacerated country for some time past, that its state has acquired a consistent security in the eyes

may be rebuilt with all possible expedition. It is, in itself, an act of justice and sound policy and therefore, out of these principles we will look for its motives.

DIED. In Cathedral-lane, on Sunday evening last, Mr. William Clapham: his unfeigned piety and strict integrity endeared him to a circle of his acquaintance; as a member of the sect called Methodists, his funeral was attended by a number of persons of that persuasion.

IRISH STATE LOTTERY, 1799.

First Day's Drawing.

No. 27,123, 10l. and entitled to 500l. as first drawn. No. 12,919, 1000l. No. 26,850, 1000l. No. 16,741, 50l.

Second Day's Drawing.

No. 25,107, 25,345, 100l. each. No. 6,602, 8,293, 0.424, 50l. each.

Third Day's Drawing.—No. 13,742, 50l.

LIMERICK, JULY 27.

Yesterday evening, the Assizes for this County and City ended:—In the County Court, the following prisoners received sentence: John Carrel, for the murder of Mich. Ryan, to be hanged on Monday next the 29th inst. at the Fair Green of Bruff, after which his body is to be delivered to the Surgeons of the County Infirmary to be dissected.—John Shea, for assisting in feloniously taking away Mary Dwyer, with an intent that one Thomas Ryan should marry her against her will, to be hanged on Saturday the 24th of August next—and Ann Ryan, for stealing wearing apparel, to be burned in the hand and imprisoned two years.

In the City Court there was no capital conviction:—Darby Kean, for uttering base Coin, is to be whipped from the Parade to John's-gate on Wednesday next.—Edm. White, guilty of manslaughter, was burned in the hand and discharged.

This morning the Hon. Justice Pinuqane and the Hon. Baron George, set out for Tralee.

Whoever brings No. 2,792 and 27,861, Tickets in this present Lottery, to the Printer hereof, will be handsomely rewarded.

The Vine, Black, from this Port, is arrived at Liverpool.

As it is most likely, we trust, that in consequence of a statement of the present situation of St. JOHN'S HOSPITAL lately published, several people will be induced to contribute towards its support; we think it may not be unsatisfactory to the Public, to be acquainted with the following particulars, with which we have been favoured by one of the Governors:

Three Guineas a year, or a Donation of 20 Guineas, is the sum necessary to constitute the subscriber a GOVERNOR. Annual subscribers under three Guineas are allowed to recommend three Patients for each Guinea they subscribe: Governors are not limited to any number.—A subscriber is not considered under any obligation to continue his subscription longer than he shall think proper; but it is expected that he will inform the Treasurer of his intention to withdraw his support, in order that the Governors may not be deceived in the amount of the yearly income.

It is contrary to the Rules of the House to admit any DOMESTIC SERVANT, without the payment of Half-a-Guinea.—It is not intended by this regulation to levy any tax upon that description of people; but it is imagined their Masters will readily pay for them so trifling a sum; especially when they have it in their power, at so cheap a rate, to remove from their house, into a suitable Asylum, persons who may be seized, (while of their family,) with contagious complaints.

To be Lent at Interest, either together or in separate sums, upon unexceptionable personal Security, Three or Four Thousand Pounds.

Applications, post paid, to Mr. HUNTER, Rutland street. Limerick, July 27, 1799.